THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, APRIL 9.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, April 9, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Owing to a continuous fall of rain this morning, but little business was transacted.

Corn remains firm at $1 25 for prime white. Demand good.

Cotton quiet at 21c. for middlings.

COTTON—Receipts light. Market active at the following prices: Middlings 21; low middlings 20; good ordinary 19; ordinary 18.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 11; selling at 1 14. Silver buying at 1 08; selling at 1 12. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GRAIN.—Corn in good demand at 1 25 by the car load, at the depot; 1 27a1 28 in small lots. Wheat 1 40a1 45 for prime red; 1 45a1 50 for prime white. Oats in good demand, at 80, by the car load, 85 in small lots. Rye 1 25.

BACON—Fair stock on hand, prices stiffer; clear sides 17½a17½; shoulders 13½a14; plain hams 18a20; canvassed 20a22.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 16½; clear rib sides 15¾a16; shoulders 12; hams 17½a18.

LARD—Barrels 17½a18; kegs and cans 19a19½.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 25 by car load, 1 30 in small lots. Rice 7½c, tierces 8c. Candles, adamantine, 15½a16c; Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15½a16c; Tallow 12a15c. A. Sugar, 16c; Extra C. 15; Yellow, C. 12a13; Brown, 14a14½. Rio Coffee, 20a24; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 48. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 25c. Goshen butter 40a45c; Tennessee, 25a30. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eating potatoes 2 75a3 50 per bbl; planting 5 00a6 00. Eggs, 25c per doz. by the lot. Venison Hams 16a18c per lb.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5a6.

TOBACCO.—Low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a 62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

FLOUR.—Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 25; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

COW FEED.—Peas, 2 75; pea meal, none; oil meal, 4 50a5 00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; prime hay, 1 70a1 90 per 100 lbs. Kentucky Cow Feed, 1 00 per bushel. Stock meal 1 00 per bushel. Baled shucks 2 00 per 100 lbs.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6½a7½, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½a4c gross. Stock light.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 5; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 20a28c; German, 18a20.

FERTILIZERS. — Dickson's Compound, 65 00 per ton; Soluble Pacific 72 50; Acid Phosphate of Lime 52 50; Wilson's Ammoniated Super Phosphate Lime, 65 00a70 00 cash, 75 00 time; Virginia Land Plaster 22 50; Baugh's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00; Coe's Sup. Phos. 75 00; Ground Bone 65 00; Willingham Fertilizer 65 00 cash, 75 00 time; Wham's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00 cash; Ratto's Challenge Sup. Phos. 75 00; Chesapeake Guano 75 00 cash, 85 00 time; Georgia Fertilizer 70 00 cash, 80 00 time. Oakley Mills Flour of Rawbone (at mills.) 75 00; pure Dissolved Bone (at mills.) 75 00. Sea Fowl Guano, 72 50; Etiwan No. 1, 62; No. 2, 72 00; Peruvian Guano 100 00; Rhodes' Superphosphate 67 50; Mape's Superphosphate 70 00; Zell's Superphosphate 70 00; Berger & Butts' Excelsior Superphosphate of Lime 70 00.

DRY GOODS.—Ahuens 11; Sprague, 10; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7 3-4; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 40. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6¼.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Shirtings, ⅞, 12½; B. Shirting 3-4, 10a4-4, 14½; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11¼a14½; Brown drills, 15; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 14½a18; Montour Canaburgs, 12½; Troup, 20½a21; Yarns, 1 90a2 00.

LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 al 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 80a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a8 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT.—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel; James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LUMBER.—All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all plank (green) 22 50 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75 a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

LEATHER AND HIDES.—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 95 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 46a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; Ilningskins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

BAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 9c.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Rine stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo 1 30a1 60. Quinine 2 75 per oz. Cochineal, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 45a50; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2 25a3 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Stocks dull, steady. Exchange—long 8½; short 9½. Gold 123. Bonds 103½. Money easy at 5a6. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons 59; new 52½. Virginia sixes, ex-coupons 70½; new 69. Louisiana old 73½; new 72. Levee sixes 75½; eights, 91. Alabama eight 97; fives 83½. Georgia sixes 85; 7s, 94. North Carolinas, old 46½; new 22½. South Carolinas old, 87; new 83.

Flour dull. Wheat dull and one cent lower. Corn quiet and firmer. Mess pork dull at 27 50. Lard quiet at 15¾a15¾. Turpentine quiet at 47½. Cotton quiet but weaker; uplands 23½; Orleans 24.

LIVERPOOL, April 9, noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 11½; Orleans 11¾; sales 13,000 bales.

Later.—Cotton closed quiet. Bombay shipments to yesterday, since last report, 37,000 bales. Red western wheat 7s 9d a10s. Pork firm. Tallow 44s 9d.

LONDON, April 9, noon.—Console 93¾. Bonds 90¾. Turpentine dull. Tallow steady at 45s. Sugar quiet both on spot and afloat.

PARIS, April 9.—Bourse quiet; Rentes 72f. 75c.

SOMETHING NEW IN THE SYNAGOGUE.—It is stated that a number of Jewish ladies in this city have established an industrial home for poor Israelites, the first of the kind organized in the Jewish Church. This is humane progress of the right kind. It is a wonder our Hebrew population have not done something of the kind before this.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The LaGrange Reporter advocates a Public Library and a Fire Company.

City and Suburban Affairs.

THE Griffin Georgian says that the town of Senoia has declared in favor of women's suffrage.

LITTERER & CABLER.—We take pleasure in calling attention to the card of Messrs. Litterer & Cabler, wholesale druggists, of Nashville, Tennessee. They have a select assortment of drugs, medicines, and physicians' supplies, and enjoy an excellent reputation for fair dealing and integrity.

H. H. H.—The C. C. C. hams of Messrs. Hart & Hensley, provision dealers, of Nashville, Tennessee, deservedly take rank as the "best" ham put up. Their merit is appreciated by the ham-loving public, as the high price commanded by them demonstrates. In another column will be found the advertisement of this firm.

JUST PUBLISHED.—The Decisions of the Supreme Court of Georgia, reported expressly for THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, by N. J. Hammond, Supreme Court Reporter, was issued this morning from the Job department of THE CONSTITUTION office. It is a large pamphlet of 82 pages, with a copious Index. Price, $1 per copy. Send in your orders at once.

☞ See Fourth Page.

THE TRUTH OF THE MATTER.—The garbler of the *New Era*, states that the allusion to the negro wedding made by us, "for barefacedness stands unequalled in the annals of respectable journalism."

We made the statement concerning the reception at Mrs. Gov. Bullock's, on the authority of a person we deemed reliable, but since have learned that he is a reporter for the *New Era*. We did not know this at the time, else, we should have doubted the statement.

The reporter this morning informed us that he was mislead by another party, and that the reception came off at Mrs. Bullock's (colored) at Summer Hill. The correction of the error was prompt. The comments of the garbler is uncourteous, unprofessional and malicious.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

"THE GALLED JADE WINCES."—The *New Era* evinces a holy horror about meddling with other peoples' business. It is generally thought by the people of this State that the Western and Atlantic Railroad is their property. When the officials of that road force its employees to subscribe for a paper, and deduct the amount of that subscription from their wages, it is legitimate to inquire into the matter. It is likewise to be inferred that such officials are interested, or else they would not resort to such unscrupulous means to get subscribers for a paper. And, further, as the paper has never disclosed the names of its editors or proprietors to the public, the inference is there is "something rotten in Denmark."

We can not blame the proprietors and editors of that sheet for being ashamed of it, and hence, can understand their motives for refusing to answer the questions propounded!

OUR PARIS LETTER.

PARIS, March 28, 1870.

Special Foreign Cor. of The Constitution.

JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

When a crime is committed in France, magistrate is especially charged to draw up the history of the matter. He examines all parties concerned, and they sign their declaration. These "declarations" are furnished, the originals to the President and duplicates to the inculpated. The President examines directly, prisoner and witnesses, from the text of the declaration, the attitude of the witness, his non-deviation from his declaration, being the tests of his credibility. There is no "browbeating cross-examinations;" the President generally exhausts the subject. Any question opposing counsel desires to put, is done, if relevant, by the Judge. As usual the witnesses are in general timid, become more so, as the Judge bids them have courage, speak lower when begged to speak higher, and when invited to look at the jury, turn their regards in the opposite direction.

The President, after a short allocution to the jury, to lay aside all political feelings, directed the indictment to be read, and then called on the prisoner to stand up in the dock; he was only guarded by a Colonel of the gendarmerie. His history was not gone into as is usual; he was examined only as to the boxing of a Deputy's ears in the Assembly, in 1849. He detailed the history of the shooting of Noir, clearly and as at first related.

The Judge's examination was searching and impartial, and the accused's replies calm, frank, and respectful. He made a favorable impression.

THE KERNEL OF THE TRIAL

is this: The Prince asserts he shot Noir, after receiving a blow in the face, and seeing his companion, Fonville, getting ready his revolver, fired on him also.

Fonville, the only living witness, asserts Noir did not strike the Prince. That the latter carried the effects of a blow on the cheek, is attested by several witnesses, among whom are three doctors, who examined him within a few hours after the event. Further: Evidence was produced, among others, that of an Englishman, who heard Fonville say, that though his friend was killed, he had the satisfaction of giving a blow to the Prince.

Evidence was further adduced to show that Noir and Fonville were violent men, and considered any manner of attacking a Bonaparte justifiable.

Great stress was laid on the fact that after Noir rushed out of the Prince's house, having his hat on his head, proving he was guilty of disrespect in remaining so covered during an interview he solicited, and consequently the want of politeness looked like studied insult.

It was the Prince's habit always to carry a revolver for the last thirty years, but as all parties were armed, they say, in this respect, in the same boat. The evidence of Fonville and his party—the "Reds" or "Irreconcilables"—was not favorable to them. They were tremens a sensation—were very violent, theatrical, and offensive, and gave me an idea of what sort of men we should be under in case of a successful revolution. Paschal Grousset, who was the cause of sending his "witnesses" to the Prince, was so insulting, that he had to be sent back to prison, where he is expiating his sentence for a article criticising the Emperor. In reply to the customary question of the Judge—was witness related to the accused?—Grousset replied, "he could not say, as the Prince's mother had so many lovers." The indignation of the Court was very general after this outrage. Rochefort was brought from Prison to give evidence on the civil side. In fact, it was only part of the sensational stratagems of the defence. Rochefort's corroborations were curiosity; there was nothing that he had no testimony to give, and what in fact he did say was given very creditably. The arch-conspirator seems to be "down" in his misfortunes, but is in good health. The trip to Tours will do him good. He was very cheerfully attired, and did create much astonishing the spectation—a political prisoner and a shattered popular idol.

The belief is generally shared, that the Prince was first struck by Noir, and being thus provoked, the gravamen of the charge is removed, and the sentence of the Court will likely be three or five years imprisonment, for in no case the "code" will permit Frenchmen taking the law into their own hands. Thanks to the cooling down of political passions since the commission of the crime, and the revolting attacks in the "Red" press against the Prince—his chivalry to fight for the insults heaped on the Emperor, his wife, and child—his desire to be judged by a common jury instead of a high court, have brought back the popular justice to his side. The trial will go down to posterity as one of the greatest *causes celebres* of modern times, which nearly upset a throne, and deranged as a consequence, the politics of the world.

AT THE TUILERIES,

this week has been observed as one of strict seclusion. The Emperor receives hourly telegrams of the trial, which he has directed to be supplied to the various embassies. He cried bitterly when the crime took place. He may weep for joy at its very probable happy issue—of which I must leave the telegraph to give you the latest intelligence.

I am sorry to add, that the Prince gave way to an explosion of excitement against Noir's counsel, for laughing at an old friend of the Prince's, who testified his devotion warmly for the accused. Fonville cried from the body of the Court, that the Prince was a murderer and a wretch, and endeavored to strike him in the dock. Every one has been stupefied, and Fonville was immediately put on his trial for this great scandal.

I need scarcely apologize for the trial crowding out all other intelligence. In home politics the work of reforming the institutions goes bravely on, and promises to be a success. The Emperor has given a fresh proof of his conversion, by divesting the Senate of its incongruous prerogatives, which so displeased the Majesty of the Lower House. This act consolidates the Napoleon dynasty, and secures the triumph of that liberty which is every man's right, and that order which is every man's interest. France seems to have resigned all intention of crossing the Pope in his desire to become a Deo-Pontiff. So much the better. But the recall of the troops is still on the cards. Continental politics are stationary. In Spain the Duke of Montpensier's star has not paled in administering to his cousin the forced punishment for his inexcusable outrages.

IN PARIS,

The dreadfully severe weather is the staple conversation after the Napoleon trial.

The vaccination of the population on the arms and legs, or both, passes unheeded, as well as the cry for cases with a "beautiful pock."

We are in Lent, but in no penitential mood.

The Theatres are making handsome receipts, and the artistes, with any kind of voice, a golden harvest in private concerts.

But, somehow the city is not gay. We want warm sunshine, and to be quits with the last vestige of revolution, in the case of Victor Noir.

France has now a smiling, happy, prosperous future before her. BOURRIENNE.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON April 6, 1870.

THE GEORGIA BILL.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

On Monday last the Senate again took Georgia in hand. The pending question was on Mr. Wilson's amendment, extending the term of the Legislature to 1872. Mr. Wilson supported his amendment by the recital of imaginary Ku-Klux atrocities, calculated to make the blood of his listeners curdle with horror. Messrs. Howard and Sherman followed in similar vein. Mr. Saulsbury spoke briefly but forcibly, as is his wont, and explained the connection of Ku-Klux with reconstruction and Radical needs. Mr. Thurman made the great speech of the day, and received the undivided attention of the Senate. He rebuked the dominant party for its violations of the Constitution, and exposed its hollow pretences and sinister designs.

There were but two speeches on the Georgia bill yesterday. Mr. Sumner, in his usual pompous manner and grandiose tones, delivered an address, of which it need only be said that it was characteristic of the man. Mr. Carpenter followed. He punctured Sumner's bombast, and riddled, Morton with red-hot shot. He defended the Constitution with as much warmth and earnestness and vigor as if he had never been affiliated with the anti-Constitution Radical party.

An attempt was made on Monday, and yesterday, to have an hour and a day fixed for a vote on the Georgia bill, but with no result. Owing to the funeral of General Thomas and the absence of several Senators, who will attend it as a Committee, it is not probable a vote will be reached this week.

The Senate to-day postponed the Georgia bill indefinitely, and took up the Appropriation bill. This strengthens my previous statement that the Georgia question will hardly be settled before next week.

THE "BEAST" PLAYING OUT.

The waning power of Beast Butler in the House of Representatives, where he has so frequently and successfully cracked the party whip over refractory Radicals, is the subject of much comment here. Butler's recent defeat in the case of Conner, the Democratic Congressman from Texas, was complete and overwhelming. When a party leader, with a majority of the party at his back, can not get votes enough to call for the yeas and nays, it must be admitted that much of his prestige is lost. If the leadership should fall into the hands of Mr. Davis or Mr. Bingham, both prominent names for the succession, vice Butler, I do not think there would be many Radicals to regret the change. Butler attained the leadership by sheer impudence; and his notorious private character makes him objectionable as a leader even of so corrupt a party as the present. Meanwhile Butler is leaving no stone unturned to secure his accession to the Presidency. He is an untiring and rapid worker, and will strain every nerve to accomplish his purpose. His efforts will be directed chiefly toward securing the negro vote. I don't think there is much chance of his getting the Radical nomination; but every Democrat here hopes that he may. A better candidate to ensure the success of the Democratic party in 1872, could not be found in the Radical ranks.

WHO SENDS SPECIALS TO THE *ERA*.

Col. Robb endeavored to ascertain who sent the telegram to the Bullock-Blodgett organ, the *New Era*, but was unsuccessful. Not one of the Ring here would admit that he knew anything of the telegram. They said they couldn't imagine who sent it. They lie. It was sent by some one of them; but they hadn't the courage or manliness to admit it. A more craven set of scoundrels never went unhung than this same Bullock-Blodgett ring.

CONCERNING CERTAIN SEAL "RINGS."

Secretary Boutwell is said to be straining every nerve to defeat the project pending in Congress for leasing the Alaska seal fisheries to a California company. He wants to run these fisheries himself through agents of the Treasury. There is a large job in view on both sides. In any event the Government is sure to be skinned, as well as the seals.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

A bill giving to the Southern Trans-Continental Railway (which includes the Memphis and El Paso and connections to Norfolk, Virginia,) the same privileges granted to the present Pacific Road, is now before the Senate Committee on Pacific Railways and the House Committee on Public Lands. It is expected the Senate Committee will report this week, and the friends of the bill are confident it will pass both Houses.

Senator Kellogg has organized before the Senate Committee in opposition to the "Texas Pacific bill," and Mr. Sherrod, M. C. from Alabama, in favor of it. Mr. Kellogg will be warmly seconded by Senators from Southern States, both by Southern men, and with Southern capital.

AFFAIRS IN TENNESSEE.

Judge Lea, of Nashville, appeared before the House Committee on Reconstruction yesterday, in the interest of the Senter State Government. He said that the outrages committed in Tennessee are by vagabond negroes, disguised as Ku-Klux, who, under the cover of that disguise, rob and murder their own people.

MINOR MATTERS.

Boutwell has gone to Massachusetts.

Ex-Collector Bailey's defalcation is not less than $200,000.

In the House to-day, Mr. Wood, of New York, presented sixteen charges of corruption in office against Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Lotta is at the National Theatre, and is drawing crowded houses as the "Little Detective." ARGUS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Judge Chase.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The effect of the proceedings before Judge Chase, as understood by lawyers, restrains Judge Underwood's processes for contempt in cases already before him, but allows legal proceedings in other cases.

Judge Chase will be present, May the 1st, to hear the case, whether Judge Bond be confirmed or not.

U. S. Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court rules that no case decided shall be re-opened unless one of the concurring Justices desires re-opening.

Movements are on foot to relieve distillers of fruits from the requirements of the present law as not applicable to their mode of distillation. Distillers who do not renew their licences on the first of May, are liable to seizure as illicit.

Tennessee Affairs.

The Reconstruction Committee heard Senter, Governor of Tennessee. He was non-committal only. His suggestion throughout was that if the Government would furnish him troops, he could maintain peace. Senter will be heard again on Tuesday, when he will be subjected to a rigid examination, with a view of eliciting facts.

Contingent Fund for Butler.

The House appropriated two thousand dollars from its contingent fund to reimburse Butler's expense in defending himself against Wooley, whom Butler's impeachment Committee imprisoned.

The Senate is considering a subsidy for a steamship line between San Francisco and Australia.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The steamer Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall, with dates to the 1st, has arrived.

The news is meager.

The news from the Darien Survey expedition is decidedly discouraging. They had explored several miles, but found no indication of a low elevation, though the Cordilleras is suitable for a canal.

Asa Cushman, a theatrical, manager is dead.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, April 9.—A serious riot occurred among the iron workmen near Nevors La Cruzeot. The strike still continues. The miners in Lalve Valley will also strike.

☞ There is a man in the vicinity of Cedar Keys, Florida, who has twenty-two children living. The family subsist principally on fish and oysters. They have never had a plate nor a cup and saucer in their house. In lieu of cups they use gourds and shells. They help themselves to the cooked fish or oysters from a common large dish, and each member of the family uses his or her own jack-knife for that purpose. Those articles of diet are spread on corn bread, which they make themselves, and then they consume the plate as well as the food on it. In this way the washing of dishes is wholly obviated. The family are all healthy, and are more robust than graceful.—*Macon Telegraph.*

Georgia News.

The Thomasville Enterprise announces the death of Jimmie Mise, 4 years of age, by being thrown from a cart.

The Valdosta Times says that Judge Sessions adjourned Coffee Superior Court on account of the prevalence of meningitis.

The Newnan Herald states that the April term of Carroll Superior Court has been adjourned until the second Monday in July.

The Cuthbert Appeal states that the corn crop promises much better than apprehended—Cotton planting commenced—Peach crop not all killed.

The Albany News states that Rev. David Wills was elected Moderator of the Macon Presbytery, and the attendance is pretty good.

The Dalton Citizen understands that a movement is on foot to build a Railroad from Ringgold to the mining region in the neighborhood of Look Out Mountain.

The Madison Examiner announces the election of Thomas J. Burney, Mayor and J. F. Patterson, W. L. High, E. W. Thrasher, and Joseph Vason, members of Council.

The Rome Courier, and Daily, contain Bill Arps lecture on the "ancient history of Modern Rome," and the Commercial a glowing description of the parade of Rainbow Fire Company.

The Hancock Journal boasts that the people of Sparta are going to carpet their rooms. They have ordered hundreds of yards of the finest brussels and velvet carpets.

The Augusta Constitutionalist states that Edward Thomas was elected a Director of the National Bank of Augusta, to fill the vacancy created by the death of Judge Warren.

The Lumpkin Telegraph learns that the wife of Dr. Jubilee Smith was struck by lightning at the same time he was, and so badly injured that her recovery is considered doubtful.

The Talbotton Standard knows of several boys in Talbot who will make six, eight and ten bags of cotton each. They are planting plenty of corn too, which is the only true policy for the South.

The Columbus Enquirer says that Van Marcus has a dog and a rabbit who are living on terms of intimacy. They play together during the day, and sleep together at night. The rabbit is of the large white English species.

The Columbus Sun says beef is scarce there and butchers are going to Atlanta for supplies. A new blind man made his appearance and a peddler of hickory brooms—the latter all made from one piece of wood. The only thing to be had in abundance was dust.

The Savannah Advertiser is informed that the late Assessor of Internal Revenue for that District has filed papers with the United States District Attorney against the Central Railroad, wherein it is claimed that $12,000 are due the Government on back tax assessments.

A very clever and extensive plaster from Southwestern Georgia, told the editor of the Hawkinsville Dispatch recently, that last year, he made 400 bales of cotton, and lost 65 in the field, which he was unable to gather. At the same time he had to buy bacon and corn on time at ruinous rates. "But," said he, "it taught me a lesson. I intend raising my own corn this year."

The Savannah Republican states at the last meeting of the Metropolitan Fire Company, General Robert E. Lee and General Joseph E. Johnston were duly elected honorary members of the company for the ensuing year, and special invitations have been extended to them to parade with the Metropolitans, as their guests, on the first of May parade of the Department.

FOR

VARIOUS REASONS,

WHICH are well known to many of our readers, I. T. Banks gives better bargains for CASH in Leather and Shoe Findings, Boots and Shoes than can be had elsewhere on a credit, and all persons who wish these articles of

THE BEST

Material and Workmanship and at the same time have the largest variety to select from, may be sure they

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feb16 [sep18]

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☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

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The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

C. D. OWENS, Gen'l Agt.,
229 Broadway, cor Barclay st.

Post office address, Box 5-23.
New York, February 1, 1870.

feb21-tf

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200,000 LBS. Bulk Meats.

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5,000 LBS. Jowls and Pates.

2,000 LBS. Well Trimmed Smoked Hams.

200 Cans Choice Leaf Lard.

Corn, Oats, Flour,

AND HAY.

HOWARD Kils Lime.

For Sale Low by

J. S. OLIVER.

Corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets,

feb2-3m Atlanta, Ga.

Early Cotton Seed.

WE have a few Bushels of the original "Boyd Prolific" Cotton Seed for sale. These seed have been carefully selected for Ten Years by Dr. Hunter, and the past season the entire crop yielded one pound of Lint to every two and seven-tenths pounds of Seed Cotton.

Prices reasonable. Apply soon, to

McDANIEL & STRONG,
Atlanta, Ga.

jan26-dtf

J. Wistar Bates, | Jas. W. Buckner,
Late of Perryville.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.

Centrally located.

apr10-d6m

30,000 FEET OF

Walnut, Poplar, Pine, Oak,

SYCAMORE.

AND SO FORTH, in any quantities, which will be sawed to order and dry, for which the highest cash price will be paid at

WALTON & CO.'S CABINET FACTORY.

The Company has purchased the best power saw Moulding Machine and are prepared to do every description of Scroll Work, Mould Work, Turning, Band Sawing, Resawing, and in fact any work required in their business on any board Work from the log to the finished article. Also, Sash, Doors and Blinds. We will keep on hand a large stock of Sash, Doors and Blinds of all kinds of dimensions, and are also prepared to make to order any kind of Sash, Doors and Blinds, and as our facilities are unsurpassed, we can furnish them at the lowest rates.

Lime & Terrace Cement in the Trade.

We solicit the patronage of the public, and will guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

Office and Factory on Decatur street, near the Passenger Depot.

WALTON & CO.

Mr. Thomas Reynolds,

WARE-ROOM-MAN, at the Cabinet Factory of WALTON & CO., near the old Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

All kinds of Lumber and Produce received in exchange for work.

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,

Also Stationary and Portable

Steam Engines, &c.

No. 5 Schroeder Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Send for Catalogues and Price-Lists.

oct27-dly

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC. 2, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

Yours, truly, A. H. COLQUITT.

T. P. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes, so you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

For sale by all the Druggists in Atlanta, and by druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Proprs.,
West Point, Ga.

nov21-dly

HARDWARE

AT

Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

&

OUR STOCK IS LARGE

STEWART.

and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

feb5-dly

Gilham's Cotton Fertilizer.

I HAVE a few TONS of this excellent Fertilizer for sale. Read the following:

"NEAR CARTHAGE, ALA., Oct. 24, 1869.

"DEAR SIR: I have used this year * * * and Gilham's Cotton Fertilizer. My crop proves conclusively that Gilham's is superior to all others, and it has paid well, notwithstanding the dry season. Truly, "ALFRED BATTLE."

I can recommend this Fertilizer to all who desire to make large yields of Cotton, &c.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Guano, Seeds, Plows, and Horsford's Bread Preparation,
Broad street,
Atlanta, Ga.

feb20-3m

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

THE undersigned, Committee on the part of the CARPENTERS' and JOINERS' ASSOCIATION, would respectfully solicit from the citizens of Atlanta, a portion of their patronage.

Feeling confident that our facilities are such that we can give entire satisfaction, both in workmanship and in prices.

This is a regularly organized Association, and meet on Saturday new building, on Whitehall street, EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT, and we cordially invite all good mechanics of our profession of good moral character, to join us.

W. A. SOUTELL, Chairman.

Headquarters corner Broad and Walton St. nov30-d3m

DR. JOEL BRANHAM. | DR. W. G. DRAKE.

DRS. BRANHAM & DRAKE,

RESPECTFULLY offer their professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity in the various branches of their profession. Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. Dr. Drake begs leave to refer to the late Dr. Brantley, under whom he pursued the greater portion of his time as a student of medicine. Dr. Branham refers to Surgeon Lawson, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb successfully treated by the use of caustic or other forms of local treatment, and also to the operation for the removal of tumors, considering it the safest and, as necessary in the practice of medicine, the most humane. Dr. Branham refers to Dr. J. S. Prescott and Col. W. H. Stiles.

Office—Rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Brantley, Kimball House, Block No. 5. Office hours from 10 to 12 o'clock, A. M. and from 2 to 5 P. M. Residence—Dr. Branham's, on Broad street, between Walton and Forsyth. Calls may be left at the office or at residence. Dr. Drake's room at the corner of W. Baker and Pryor streets.

mar6 [jan23-dly]

PROPOSALS

For the Partial Construction of an

ASYLUM.

WILL be received by the Building Committee of the Board of Trustees of the Asylum until the first day of May next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the partial construction of the Asylum. Plans and specifications of the work may be had, on application, to D. P. PAGE, Secretary, No. 30 Whitehall street, Augusta, Ga.

Bids and security for the faithful performance of the work will be required, and in making proposals reference must be had to the plans and specifications.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all proposals, or any portion of the proposals received, or any portion of the Committee reserve the right to accept or reject them, at their discretion.

WM. A. WALTON,
Chairman Building Committee.

apr6-dtd

Savannah Notices.

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. B. H. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.

sep30-dly

BULK MEAT, CORN, HAY, ETC.

50,000 LBS. Bulk Meat.
2,500 Lbs. Lard.
200 Lbs Wheat Bran.
100 Bales of Hay.
300 Barrels Flour.
1,000 Sacks and Half Sacks Flour.
1,500 Bushels Corn.
35 Barrels Apples.
50 Barrels Irish Potatoes.

For Sale Low for Cash by

CHARLES P. BENSON,
Provision and Produce Com. Merchant,
Forsyth st., near St. to Rome.

jan18-dtf

MARIETTA PAPER

MILL.

WE ARE AGENTS

For the above Mills.

We keep constantly on hand a large stock of Printing Paper, of all sizes for Newspapers. Also, Wrapping Paper for sale at Manufacturers' prices.

OLIVER & W

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.
MORNING EDITION.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, APRIL 10.

☞ We have received the first number of the Weekly Telegraph, published at Lumpkin, Stewart county, by Messrs. Christian & Clisby. Its general "make up" gives evidence of good taste and a knowledge of the business, and its editorials and selections give assurance that it will be an interesting and useful journal.

☞ We regret to learn of the death of two promising and much esteemed young men of Dalton, with whom the writer was well acquainted—Mr. Andrew Norris and Mr. James O'Neil.

Mr. Norris was well known in Atlanta, where he has lived principally for the last two years.

The members of the Dalton String Band, of which Mr. O'Neil was a member, publish very complimentary resolutions in tribute to him.

Both were genial and pleasant gentlemen, and will be missed.

Retributive Justice.

The sacred Scriptures teach us that with "what measure ye mete, it shall be measured to you again." Its pages abound with fit illustrations of the Divine announcement. The wicked may rule the nation with a rod of iron, but in due time the chalice will be commended to their own lips. Justice will triumph in the end, though the time be long, and marked with suffering and wrongs. "As a man sows, so shall he reap."

You may be wealthy to-day, surrounded with all that gold can command—a Dives, living in luxury and clad in fine linen—looking down upon the indigent and crushing them beneath your power. To-morrow, your position may be reversed.

A striking illustration is afforded in the history of the editor of the Philadelphia Christian Observer (now published at Louisville, Kentucky.)

During the war, to some of his brethren, his conservative course on all the great questions of the day, was annoying. They were, in their own opinions, "young America," and he "an old fogy." He did not believe in ignoring the rights of Christians in the South, besides he was too much of "an Old School man to suit their views;" but above all he loved Presbyterians in the South too much" to please them. They called together secret caucuses, never inviting him to be present, set a price on his paper, got an act of incorporation, told him, "here take for your Observer our price, or we will start a new paper and crush you out."

The courteous offer was declined. A fund of some ten thousand dollars was raised by levies upon the wealthy men of their congregations, and the American Presbyterian saw the light. The very name of the paper seems to have foreshadowed the modern doctrine of Pennsylvania and New Jersey of the union of Church and State. But the first years of the American Presbyterian were not prosperous. Money is easily expended in publishing a religious newspaper, and fresh levies had to be made. Finally, after five years of non-success, the war power of the church was called into play. Two of the doughty brethren of Philadelphia went to Washington, and obtained an order for the "suppression of the Christian Observer." The United States Marshal seized the office, turned the editor out, informed him that he was placed under arrest, and walked off with the keys in his pocket. The storm that was brewing had, however, been foreseen. When the libel for the condemnation of the property was brought up before the United States Court, the United States Attorney, learning from expressions of the venerable Judge that his case stood no chance of success, withdrew the suit and paid the costs of prosecution. But the end for which the brethren of the American Presbyterian had been working had been, for the time, gained.

Public prejudice had been aroused against the Observer. Nine-tenths of its patrons in the North repudiated their indebtedness. A loss of thousands of dollars was thereby inflicted.

The victim of this oppression still lives, and is publishing a flourishing paper under the same name—"Christian Observer." But the hand of retributive justice has been meted out to the oppressors. The more active projectors of the American Presbyterian are dead. Two of its editors-in-chief are dead; the associate editor, who went to Washington to obtain the order for the suppression of the Observer, is dead; The President, who issued the order, the Secretary of War who advised it, the Attorney who attempted to enforce it, are all dead, and the American Presbyterian, the mother of these intrigues, has departed this life at an early age.

Physical Culture among Woman.

The early age at which American women lose their freshness and strength has long been considered an alarming fact. It is due to the want of physical culture. The subject is now attracting attention. Many of the educational institutions at the North are making Calisthenics and the exercises of the gymnasium a part of the Curriculum. Dr. Hamilton, of the Andrew Female College, at Cuthbert, makes physical training a leading feature in the exercises of the college, and is effecting practical good:

The athletic clubs in California have taken the initiative in the question of physical perfection in matrimony, and have solemnly bound themselves not to marry any lady the proportions of whose form fall short of a certain standard. An accomplished wife is no doubt a great desideratum, but the youth of the present generation think, with Plato, that "she is but a cripple, who, cultivating her mind alone, suffers her body to languish through inactivity and sloth." Females of the wealthier class are subject to a variety of complaints unknown among women in the humbler spheres of life, and consequently they have more need of calisthenics and gymnastics than those whose occupations give them sufficient physical exercise.

THE LECTURE AT ST. ANDREW'S HALL. The lecture of Father O'Reilly, at St. Andrew's Hall last night, was a success, every seat being occupied. The lecture was a graphic and eloquent description of the career of the dreamkard, and it was rapturously applauded by the audience. We noticed on the stand Very Rev. Father O'Neil, Very Rev. Father Hamilton, and Rev. Father Prendergast, the President of St. Patrick's T. A. B. Society.—*Savannah Republican.*

EFFECT OF RAILROAD COMPETITION.—The Charleston papers say "Messrs. J. D. Aiken & Co. have reduced the fare to and from Savannah by their fine steamships to three dollars each way, including meals and berths." The old price was eight dollars.

How to be Happy.

There are certain laws or conditions of happiness with which every man must comply if he would secure the object of his search. Every one knows that there are certain fundamental laws of health, (such as a regard to cleanliness, diet, and exercise) which must be observed in order to the enjoyment of this greatest earthly blessing. In like manner the man who would be happy must have 1st, something to love, 2d, something to do, and 3d, something to hope for.

The affections of his nature, like the tendrils of the vine, are constantly putting forth their filaments in quest of some object around which they may entwine themselves. If this be found, and if it be worthy of the heart's love, joy springs up in the bosom. If the affections find no object on which they may rest they droop and wither, or trail in the dust—thus bereaving the man of peace. Again, if with something to love, the man has nothing to do, time will hang heavily on his hands, bearing him down with an unsupportable *ennui*. And as "Hope springs eternal in the human breast," it must be directed to some worthy object or no pleasure gushes from this spring.

The man who loves a pure and honorable woman (I do not mean such a woman as Henry Ward Beecher married to Mr. Richardson in New York, but a woman worthy of the name) he who loves such a one, and devotes himself to her maintenance and comfort, and finds in present satisfactions a stimulous to his hope for future joys, complies with all the conditions of happiness named, and must be in the possession of the purest earthly bliss. True he may find cares and anxieties and troubles in such a life, but it will be infinitely more desirable than to be without those cares, and at the same time without their occasion. For as Dr. Johnson has truly said "If matrimony has pains, it is certain that celibacy has no pleasures."

But this is only earthly joy. The object we love may die to-morrow, and leave us wretched indeed. The true Christian complies, in the highest sense, with the laws of happiness, and is only truly happy man. He has a God to love, he has a Saviour to serve, and *Heaven* to hope for. Where can be found more worthy objects of his affection, service and hope? Whence can spring superior joy?

SOUND SENTIMENTS.—The New York Sun indulges in the following sound sentiments:

It is pleasant to observe that men like Henry Ward Beecher and Peter Cooper, while they oppose State grants in aid of sectarian schools, are careful to abstain from the denunciations of the Catholic religion which come so easily to the lips of ignorant and bigoted Protesants. We wish we could say the same of all the speakers and writers on their side. Is it not about time for those who desire to influence public opinion on the great questions of the day, to rest their cause upon reason and argument, and give over appeals to unthinking prejudice? It is not necessary to be a Catholic to see that Catholics may be honest and sincere in their faith, and entitled to respect as such; and the attempt to represent them in any other light ought to be indignantly frowned upon. No argument should be used against a Catholic which can not be used against men of any other religion; and the propriety of aiding their schools, or the reverse, should be decided without reference to their particular theological tenets.

A NOTE FROM NEWNAN, GA.—*Editor Christian Index:* DEAR SIR.—Were you ever in Newnan? If not, by all means come and see us. We will certainly expect all the "big guns" on the 22d of April. You know the State Convention (Baptist) will meet here. Come down, and we guarantee a good time, or, at any rate, plenty to eat. Newnan begins to wear an air of thrift and enterprise, and is destined to become a place of some importance. The Baptists here are very fortunate in having secured the services of our dear brother, A. T. Holmes, as pastor. All are pleased with the efforts of this gifted father in Zion, and our church is filled with anxious and attentive listeners. Yesterday he preached from the text: "Thanks be unto God for His unspeakable gift." It has seldom been my pleasure to listen to a more eloquent and touching discourse. It seems to me that no preaching is worth the listening, unless the heart of the preacher melts in the contemplation of his divine theme. The mind and soul of our brother is in the work, and under his ministration we confidently expect abundant harvests.

A MEMBER.

Newnan, Ga., March 28, 1870.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., April 8, 1870.

Editor Constitution: Aside from the festive city of Atlanta, your correspondent has seen none of twice or three times the size of Montgomery, possessing half the amount of business, go-ahead-ativeness, style and beauty. We are a little world in a nut-shell, and have our theatres, minstrels, operas, roller skating, and everything in the line of fashionable amusements.

The Riching's Opera Troupe will leave this morning, having completely charmed our community with their splendid execution of the famous operas of "Bohemian Girl," "Norma," "Crown Diamonds," and others, during a short stay of four nights, the whole of which time they were greeted with crowded houses.

We also enjoy our wooden ice pond, as do our friends in the "Gate City," and have made wonderful progress since our last letter. Mr. Eugene St. Clair, who is reputed to be the finest skater in the world, is here, and will remain a few days, when he will delight the skaters of your city with his grace and skill.

At about fifteen minutes to twelve o'clock, (about two hours ago,) on the night of the 7th, the alarm of fire was given, and repairing to the scene of disaster, we discovered a frame building, on Olcott street, between Clayton and Wilson streets, all ablaze. This structure was owned by a colored woman named Mary Wilson, who had gone to Selma only the day before. There were two colored boys in the house at the time of the fire, both having retired two hours before, and as we learn, carefully extinguishing the lights. The elder boy, aged about eighteen, escaped through the rear window, leaving the other boy, about ten years old, to perish in the flames, who, when taken from the ruins, was a mere crisp, his arms and legs being entirely burned from the body.

There is no clue to the origin of the fire, and the negroes are inclined to entertain the worst opinions—incendiarism.

J. H. F.

THE KING COAL MINING COMPANY, of which the following named gentlemen have been chosen Directors and Officers, has been formed for the purpose of developing and working the coal mines discovered on the lands of J. H. King, near Dalton. We understand a coal vein of excellent quality, and of considerable thickness, has been discovered. In a few days more the company will be enabled to issue their prospectus;

President—James M. Lowry.
Directors—D. A. Walker, L. D. Palmer, J. H. King, Robert Batty, L. N. Trammell, J. F. Treuitt and Dr. J. Groves.
Treasurer—T. J. Eason.
Superintendent—Dr. Hamilton.
Mining Engineer—Chas. H. Beattie.

DEATH OF MRS. ALFORD.—Death has again invaded our community and claimed for his own, one of our "mothers in Israel." Mrs. Margaret E. Alford, mother of Judge A. E. Cox and of Mrs. Rev. P. A. Heard and Mrs. Dr. H. T. Heard, died in this place, on Monday night last. Mrs. Alford had been in bad health for some months; and being a pious and orderly Christian woman, was fully and joyfully prepared to meet death. She was surrounded by all her children, and that fact made her resignation to death complete. Mrs. Alford was born in Greene county, Ga., and had been a resident of Troup county (most of the time in LaGrange) for about 35 years. She was in the 69th year of her age.—*LaGrange Reporter.*

☞ There is some talk in London of starting a great international financial paper. The capital is fixed at £250,000, half of which is said to have been already subscribed. The object of the scheme is to kill the Times.

A COUNTRY OF EQUAL RIGHTS!—It is estimated that the number of persons still disfranchised under the 14th Amendment from all State and Federal offices amounts to 250,000.

The Atlanta Firemen at West Point.

Upon arriving at the car shed the Atlanta firemen were formed in double file and marched through the West Point Fire Company, saluting them by raising their caps as they passed, after which they arranged themselves upon the right flank of the boys. In this position they were welcomed to the hospitalities of West Point, in a neat and appropriate little speech, by our fellow-townsman Dr. J. W. Oslin. Walter R. Biggers, Chief of the Fire Department of Atlanta, responded in behalf of the Atlanta firemen in a few short and pointed remarks. After these ceremonies were over all parties repaired to the large and commodious dining room of the Chattahoochee House, where a sumptuous repast had been prepared for the delectation of the inner man.

In the afternoon the engine was carried to the river, where, in the presence of a large crowd, its capacity was tested. Afterwards it was also tested at the public well in the middle of the town. These trials proving perfectly satisfactory to the committee appointed for an examination of its power, they recommended its reception by the City Council. Thus ended the ceremonies of the day.—*West Point Shield.*

By previous agreement, the engine, formerly Atlanta No. 1, just overhauled and put in splendid order by Mr. J. E. Gullatt, of Atlanta, was to be delivered to West Point No. 1, on Friday last, and accordingly the machine, in charge of Messrs. James M. Toy and J. E. Gullatt, accompanied by forty or more Atlanta firemen, detachments from Atlanta No. 1, Mechanic No. 2, Tallulah No. 3, and Hook and Ladder No. 1, under the direction of Mr. Willis R. Biggers, Chief of the Atlanta Fire Department, passed LaGrange on the forenoon train for West Point. The writer here joined the fireman, and soon we reached our sister town and were cordially welcomed with applause and strains of music from the West Point Brass Band. Dr. J. W. Oslin received the Atlanta delegation in a neat and appropriate speech, which was responded to by Mr. W. R. Biggers in a modest, short speech. Mr. Biggers seems to be a mere youth, though a firm, solid looking man. It is certainly complimentary to so young a man to be chosen as the Chief of the Fire Department of so large a city as Atlanta, where there are so many old firemen. At one o'clock, the firemen sat down to a sumptuous dinner at the Chattahoochee House, which is so well kept by our friend W. L. Williams.

The afternoon was employed in testing the capacity of the engine from the river. It was placed in position near the water's edge, and an attempt made to work it under very disadvantagious circumstances. The result was the engine only sucked mud which it threw in a pretty strong stream for a hundred feet or more. Eventually it was placed on the platform, where it played a beautiful stream, throwing it 189 feet! Of course, this was satisfactory to all parties. The engine was afterwards taken to, a well on Gilmore street, where it was worked most charmingly, throwing a stream of water over the highest buildings. This ended the test of the engine and it was accepted by the city authorities.

At 9 o'clock, P. M., the large dining hall of the Chattahoochee House was thrown open for the reception of the firemen, ladies and the invited guests, when the Atlanta firemen marched in, double file, and were received by the West Point firemen. Here the readiness of Dr. Oslin for impromtu speaking was brought to the test, and he met the emergency successfully, and made a handsome reception speech on behalf of the ladies, the firemen and the citizens of West Point.

To this Mr. J. E. Gullatt responded in behalf of the Atlanta firemen, giving words of encouragement to his brethren of West Point, and complimenting the citizens in regard to their enterprise and spirit—saying that they would all be proud of their machine—that he believed it to be one of the best in Georgia.

Young Mr. Collier, son of Judge Collier, being called upon made a short, pretty little speech, complimentary to the ladies especially, and thanking them for their presence and hospitality.

Mr. Frank Lanier, of the West Point Company, then gave the visiting firemen assurance of the citizens' hospitality.

We had the pleasure of making the acquaintance of a goodly number of the Atlanta firmen, and being so much engrossed by their good company, we failed to take notes as copiously as we might have done. But the boys have our sincerest respects. They are a noble set of fellows, and none know it better than the citizens of Atlanta, where their heroic bravery and gallantry are often tested. So, boys, here's our toast to you, which you may drink when around the convivial board:

The Atlanta Firemen.—Brave and gallant, they are ever ready to resist the dangers of the fiery element to save the property of their neighbors. May they ever be regarded in the highest esteem, and live long to enjoy the annual festivities of their several organizations—the pride of the "Gate City," and alike honorable to the cause of progress and humanity.—*LaGrange Reporter.*

Facts and Incidents.

The Board of Trustees of Mercer University, will meet in the Baptist Church, at Newnan, on Thursday, the 21st, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the day before the assembling of the Baptist State Convention.

The citizens in and around Carrollton, claim that their town is on an air-line from Newnan to Decatur, Ala. They admit that Carrollton, as located on the maps, is not, but they insist that the location given is that of old Carrollton, and demonstrate the correctness of their position by reference to a land map.

Up to April 7th, Albany, Ga., received 23,396 bales of cotton, and shipped 22,069 bales.

There are 112 pupils at the Southern Female College, at LaGrange.

What is looking very well in the Northern portion of Troup county, and is growing off splendidly. The early sown oat crops are not looking so well as the later ones, which are in good condition.

Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor Ridley, mother of Dr. R. A. T. Ridley, arrived at LaGrange on Wednesday last. She is eighty-seven years of age, and bore the trip from Murfreesboro, Tenn., splendidly, though, of course, she was wearied with travel.

James O'Neil and Andrew Norris died at Dalton recently, both estimable gentlemen.

A pet often trod under foot—*car*-pet.

At the late Fireman's celebration at Rome, in response to a toast to the "Lost Cause," of which the Rome Courier has ever been so noble and fearless a defender, Mr. Grady delivered an eloquent speech, expressing his thanks for the honor done him, and congratulating the firemen present upon the success of the parade and entertainment. He hoped that good feelings might continue to exist between the companies, and that while Mountain City was throwing her stream toward high heaven, that the *Rainbow* of hope might be seen spanning the ethereal arch, cheering them on to the faithful discharge of their duties. He then paid an admirable tribute to the "Lost Cause," in which many of the Department had nobly taken part.

GOVERNOR SAMUEL BARD.—The distinguished gentleman whose name heads this article, now Governor of Idaho, was born in the city of New York, on the 18th day of May, 1825. He was educated at Sing Sing, in Westchester county of the "Empire" State, and was the life-long companion and acquaintance of Governor John T. Hoffman. During the year 1845, he removed to the Southwest and became a resident of the State of Louisiana; where, in 1855, he was elected on the Democratic State ticket, Commissioner of public Schools. Gov. Bard has been associated with the newspaper press, for more than twenty years. He served in the Confederate Army, to the close of the war, and like Longstreet—accepted the situation." He raised the name of Grant for the Presidency, as editor of the Atlanta, Ga., *News Bu*, the first daily paper in the country, which suggested Gen. Grant for the high position. He battled fiercely in his behalf, when it required great moral pluck to do so. Gov. Bard is a moderate, but pronounced Republican. He was nominated as Governor of the Territory of Idaho, and confirmed unanimously on the 31st ult. The appointment of Governor Bard, is creditable to the President, and secures, we are quite sure, an able and excellent Executive Officer.—*Washington Sunday Gazette, April 3.*

DEATH OF JUDGE COLQUITT.—We learn that this old citizen of LaGrange, so long postmaster here, died near Shreveport, La., where he removed in 1865, on the 18th of February, of disease of the heart. He was a brother of Hon. Walter T. Colquitt. Judge Colquitt was an orderly and good citizen, and his many friends will regret to hear of his death. He was upon the between sixty and seventy years of age.—*[LaGrange Reporter.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Bradley's Application Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Revenue receipts to-day $376,000.

It is stated that the objection to Judge Bond's confirmation to the Fourth Judicial Circuit is accumulating, partly on the ground of judicial unfitness for the place.

The application for permission to practice in the Supreme Court by A. Alpeoria Bradley, colored, notorious in Georgia politics, was withdrawn.

The incredible rumor prevails that Conner, from Texas, has challenged Shanks, from Ohio, for saying that Conner was worthless.

Butler failing to-day, hopes to get his San Domingo annexation resolution before the House on Monday.

Congressional.

Delano has advised the destruction of nineteen stills and five thousand bushels of mash in the Fourth Tennessee District by the cavalry acting under the direction of Supervisor Emory.

In the House, a joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to return the Mount Vernon relics to Mrs. Mary Custis Lee, passed.

The House resumed the tariff bill on flannel and woolen. Belting remains as reported by the committee.

The House adjourned.

PHILADELPHIA, April 9.—Gen. Grant and others returning from the funeral took part in the re-union of the Army of the Potomac to-day.

Riot at Panama.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The steamer Chauncey brings advices of a riot at Panama between the natives and soldiers. One killed and several wounded.

BALTIMORE, April 9.—Berles, Stirling & Ahrens' sugar refinery exploded to-day. The adjoining buildings and the shipping at Dugan's wharf were damaged. Many persons were hurt and several are missing.

Marine Disaster.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 9.—The steamer, Captain McCarrick, has arrived from Yorktown, and reports that the steamer Kennebec, from Baltimore, with freight and passengers for West Point, caught fire about day-light, while discharging freight at Gloucester Point wharf, this morning, and burned to the water's edge. The fire originated near the boiler and spread so rapidly that it was with difficulty that the crew and passengers escaped with their lives. No freight or baggage was saved. She burned her lines and drifted across the river on the flats, where she now lies. She run from Baltimore in connection with the Richmond and York River Railroad.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, April 9.—A telegram from Beyrout announces the death of the Methodist Episcopal Bishop Kinsley.

PARIS, April 9.—Placards urging the workmen not to pay rents, but to join in a general strike, have been pasted on the dead walls of the city. The authorities are taking measures to repress the threatened disorders to-morrow. The newspapers make light of the whole matter.

LIVERPOOL, April 9.—The Anglo-American Company, responding to the remonstrances of merchants, promise a cable hence to Valencia direct, avoiding a land route via London.

RICHMOND, March 9.—Passengers by the steamer Kenebec have reached here.

LONDON, March 9.—Parliament adjourned to the 28th of April, without passing the Irish land bill.

MADRID, March 9.—The Barcelona telegraph is still down. No news contradictory.

It was expected that General Baldrich, who was approaching Barcelona, would attack the insurgents to-day.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK, March 9.—The steamers Austria and China have arrived.

BOSTON, March 9.—The iron clad Miantomah has been ordered to Norfolk, preparatory to going to Havana.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, March 9.—It is rumored to-day that Fortescue, Chief Secretary of Ireland, was elevated to the Peerage and will soon replace Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

LIVERPOOL, March 9.—The Inman steamer, City of Durham, was ordered to-day to the Northern route, and to keep a sharp look out for the City of Boston.

MADRID, March 9.—The emeute at Catalona still continues. Gen. Baldrich still heads the government forces near Barcelona. Bacelona is quiet.

LONDON, April 9.—The Saturday Review has a long article arguing in mitigation of the condemnation of Eyre, Captain of the Bombay.

The same paper says that boat races are fast degenerating into betting traps and thinks such exhibitions should be removed from London waters.

Pixley, Abel, Langley & Co., in their bullion circular, issued to-day, say: Notwithstanding dollars are scarce, they do not anticipate any advance in the rates for bullion.

The new Alabama loan is successful.

A new trial trip of the Van Guard, just concluded, proves her to be the swiftest of armored ships. She made a fraction under 15 knots per hour.

Napoleon's syncope was the result of a sprained ankle. The circumstances, as usual, were greatly exaggerated—chiefly by speculators in bourse.

The coming week will be dull in commercial and financial circles. Monday will be share settling day. The bank statement will be made Wednesday, and the Cotton Circular on Thursday.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Evening.—Cotton opened heavy, lower, and closed steady; sales 1,500 bales; middling uplands 23½; Orleans 24. Flour dull and declining; superfine State and western 4 30a4 45. Wheat 1a2c cent lower; winter red and amber western 1 21a1 25. Corn firm. Whisky lower at 1 02a1 03. Pork a shade firmer at 27 25a27 37½. Beef and lard steady. Naval stores and groceries quiet.

Bank statement again unfavorable. Decrease of legal tender reserves, $3,500,000. The failure of an old member of the stock exchange was reported to-day. Money easy at 5a6. Sterling firm at 8⅞a9. Gold 13⅛. Governments in sympathy with gold, and higher. 1862s 11⅝a11¾. State bonds quiet and firm.

Later.—Bank Statement: Loans increase nearly $500,000; specie decrease over $1,000,000; circulation $35,000,000; deposits decrease over $4,500,000; legal tenders nearly $1,500,000. Gold firmer; opened at 12½, touched 13⅜, and closing at 13⅛. Advancing tendency is due to upward turn of exchange, and the rise to-day is generally credited to operations of leading foreign exchange firms.

Tone of the market healthier; fewer bonds offered, and orders to buy were numerous. Old Tennessees 80½; new 59; old Virginias 70½; new 69½; old North Carolinas 40½; new 21½; Louisiana Levee 6s, 76; Alabama 5s, 76; new South Carolinas, 81. Stock market strong till after publication of bank statement, when there was a fractional decline.

LOUISVILLE, April 9.—Provisions active; Shoulders 11¾; clear sides 16½. Pork 28 00. Whisky 1 01. Lard 16. Corn 95.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—Provisions quiet. Corn heavy; yellow sacked 89; white, sacked 90. Whisky heavy at 1 02. Pork 27 50. Shoulders, 11½; clear sides 16½. Lard firm at 15a15¾.

CINCINNATI, April 9.—Provisions quiet and unchanged; less enquiry; holders generally firm. Flour, grain and whisky unchanged.

CHARLESTON, April 9.—Cotton dull and unchanged; middlings 22; net receipts 695 bales; sales, 100 bales; exports coastwise, 665 bales; stock 15,401 bales.

BALTIMORE, April 9.—Cotton firm and quiet; middlings 23½; sales 200 bales; net receipts 68 bales; coastwise 50 bales; total 110 bales; exports, coastwise, 118 bales; stock 4,730 bales.

GALVESTON, April 9.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 19½; sales 100 bales; receipts 639 bales; exports coastwise 147 bales; stock 20,073 bales.

MOBILE, April 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 21¾; receipts 1,089 bales; sales 150 bales; exports, coastwise, 809 bales; stock on hand 31,490 bales.

BOSTON, April 9.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 24; sales 300 bales; net receipts 210 bales; coastwise 49 bales; total receipts, since 1st Sept., 204,000 bales; exports, to the continent 1,600 bales; coastwise 840 bales; Stock 170,376 bales.

Flour dull at 5 30a6 75. Corn firmer; white 88a1 00. Oats 66a68. Beef firm at 14 00a16 00. Pork firm at 29 25a29 50. Bacon dull at 12¾a16¾a17¾. Sugar-cured hams 18¾. Lard: tierce 15¾a16; keg 17¾a17¾. Sugar quiet; prime 11¾a11¾. Molasses, rebolled, 53a70. Whisky 95a1 05. Coffee firm at 16a17¾; prime 17¾a17¾. Sterling 109½. New York Sight ⅜ premium. Gold 112¾.

SAVANNAH, April 9.—Cotton dull, with more sellers than buyers; middlings 22; net receipts 338 bales; sales 100 bales; exports coastwise, 209 bales; stock 42,068 bales.

NORFOLK, April 9.—Cotton quiet and steady; low middlings 20¼a21; receipts 14 bales; exports coastwise 38 bales; sales 50 bales; stock 5,359 bales.

AUGUSTA, April 9.—Cotton market opened firm at 21½, but closed irregular at 21a21¾; sales 259 bales; receipts 139 bales.

FRANKFORT, April 9.—Bonds flat at 95½.

LONDON, April 9.—Consols 93¾. Bonds 91.

PARIS, April 9.—Bourse closed declining; Rentes 73f. 47c.

HAVRE, April 9.—Cotton opens quiet and steady.

Paper Making and Clothing.

Increased commerce with Japan and a better accquaintance with China has induced some of our enterprising paper manufacturers to institute inquiries as to the processes and material used for paper in those countries, with a view to improve the quality here. In both, paper in a variety of forms is used for the clothing of a large portion of the inhabitants. It is extremely tenacious, flexible, and impervious to water—while its cheapness places it within reach of every one. Examination shows that the material used in this fabric is a plant containing a gum, insoluble in water, and which adds to the softness, flexibility, and strength of the fabric.

What this plant is, whether we possess anything similar, and whether it could be introduced and grown in this country, are points not yet settled. Examinations of our native flora may perhaps reveal a substitute, but if not, it may be introduced and grown here, and experiments to that end are in contemplation. It is quite too valuable a production to be allowed to remain in its native country if it can be introduced successfully here.

Paper is steadily gaining in repute as an article of dress, and promises at no distant time to supersede more costly woven fabrics, for many purposes. As now made it is defective in strength and flexibility, and nothing has been found in this country to make it water-proof. If these qualities can be secured, and the material can be obtained for its manufacture at cheap rates, there is almost no limit to the purposes it may not be put to. It would work a revolution in manufactures of cotton and linen, and enter into competition, to a greater or less extent, with every kind of woven fabric. Let us hope that the measures instituted to develop this new material may be successful.—*Chicago Republican.*

GOOD SALE.—117½ acres of Talbot Valley land sold in Talbotton, last Tuesday, at administrator's sale, for $25,000. So says a friend who was there. Our friend says that valley is the finest spot he has seen in Georgia. It is a land of plenty—plenty of corn, wheat, meat of their own growing, milk, butter, eggs, chickens and everything nice. This valley is about thirteen miles long and three to six miles wide.—*Macon Telegraph.*

☞ The latest matrimonial sensation is the reported engagement of Chief Justice Chase to Miss Constance Kinney.

Special Notices.

☞ MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD. Essays for Young Men, on the passional attraction of the sexes, and the happiness of TRUE MARRIAGE, when perfect manhood and perfect womanhood unite to consecrate the Union. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box F, Philadelphia, Pa. jan30—d&W3m

☞ A VEHICLE—THIS IS A PHARMACEUTICAL TERM expressing in a combination of medicines the vehicle, or substance employed for the administration of the principal curative agents.

It is well established, that by combining different medicines, where alone they would act inefficiently the combination in virtue of a therapeutical law, increases incalculably the value of all the ingredients used.

This is the true philosophy of the great merit of Solomons' Bitters. The pure stimulating solvent is the vehicle for the purpose of increasing and diffusing the curative power of the vegetable medicines employed. apr6-d1w

New Advertisements.

Valuable Real Estate,

AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Hulse Bowdry, deceased, a summer residence. Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.
Apply to E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.
N. B.—Some Valuable Mill Property for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr10-d1f

GEORGIA, Henry County.
ORDINARY'S OFFICE, April 8, 1870.
BENJAMIN F. PATTILLO has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 25th day of April, 1870, at my office.
GEO. M. NOLAN, Ordinary.
apr10-d1aW2t Printer's fee $5

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.
ORDINARY'S OFFICE, April 8, 1870.
M. DICKERSON has applied for exemption of personalty, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 18th day of April, 1870, at my office.
J. L. WILSON, Ordinary.
apr10-d1taw2w Printers fee $5

Dr. W. G. DRAKE,

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity in the various branches of his Profession.

The Doctor has for more than ten years devoted the greater portion of his time to the study and treating of those diseases peculiar to females.

References—Dr. J. S. Pemberton and Col. W. H. Venn, Atlanta.

Office—Granite Block.

Office hours from 9 to 9 o'clock A. M., and from 5 to 6 o'clock, P. M.

Consulting room private.

Residence near the corner of Baker and Peachtree streets. apr10— Jan19-d1y

A Fine Pair Brahmin Oxen.

I WILL sell a bargain in a large yoke broke pair of YOUNG BRAHMIN OXEN, from the farm of Richard Peters, Esq.
Call and see them at my office.
G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
No. 28 Alabama street,
apr10-d1t Atlanta, Ga.

Beef Market.

W. KIRKLAND will open on MONDAY, 11th April, his Market in the old Post-office, corner of Alabama and Broad streets. Meats of all kinds kept on hand—the best in market. apr10-d1f

General Conference Daily.

THE General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, meets in Memphis, May 5th, and will probably be in session during the month. The Book Agent, Dr. Redford, will publish a daily paper to report, in full, the proceedings of Conference. Persons in Georgia who desire to subscribe for it may give their names and their DOLLAR to either of the undersigned delegates.
J. BOMAR,
W. P. HARRISON,
A. G. HAYGOOD,
J. E. GODFREY.
apr10-d1t

BARTOW HOUSE,
AT CARTERSVILLE, GA.
LEFT BY
T. G. LYON & G. W. LEE.

THIS HOUSE has lately been improved, on additional room for 50 guests. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords. Charges reasonable. Carriages at Depot of Rome Railroad. Free hack to and from the house. apr10-d1y

A. LEYDEN,

General Commission Merchant,

WM. M. WILLIAMS, Late of W. M. Williams & Bro. | No. 18 Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.

SOLE AGENT FOR
AUGUSTA FACTORY
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, DRILLS,
ATHENS MANFACTURING COMPANY
YARNS, STRIPES, CHECKS.
Goods in Store and for Sale at Manufacturers' Prices from the following:
EAGLE AND PHŒNIX MANUFACTURING COMPANY, TROUP, HOPEWELL, AND ANNAWAKA FACTORIES AND PIONEER PAPER MILL.
Sole Agency of Roger's Celebrated
BIRD'S EYE LIME.
Controlled since 1866 by Wm. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.
Hydraulic Cement, Plaster, Pure Ground Bone,
WHANN'S RAW-BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE,
Also, on Consignment a full stock of FLOUR (Choice Brands,) direct from best Tennessee and Kentucky Mills,
BACON, LARD, CORN, OATS, HAY, ETC., FROM PACKERS AND PRODUCERS.
jan30-d1y

Amusements.

ROLLER SKATING.
RINK OPEN EVERY
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
Nights, from 7.30 to 10.30.
Every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY
Afternoons, from 3 to 5, and every Forenoon from 9 to 12.
☞ CLARK'S CITY BAND in attendance EVERY NIGHT. mar31-d1f

CARPETS AND CURTAINS

For the Spring Trade.

S. KENDRICK & SON have the pleasure of announcing the complete arrival of their new stock of
BRUSSELS CARPETS,
INGRAIN CARPETS,
3-Ply Carpets, Hemp,
VENETIAN STAIR CARPETS,
WHITE AND CHECK MATTINGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS
All widths; an entire new stock of
CORNICES AND LACE CURTAINS,
And Curtain Goods generally.
MATTINGS are a specialty with us. The closest buyers can be suited. Our styles are rich and of remarkable beauty in design.
☞ Work done in all parts of the city.
S. S. KENDRICK & SON.
apr7-d1f Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!
TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Cork-soles, Box-toed, Water-proof, Light-stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather and Fancy Goods of all description made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shop, on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city.
WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON.
apr7— Jan26-d1y

WM. LITTERER. A. D. CABLER.
LITTERER & CABLER,
Wholesale Druggists,
AND DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES AND PHYSICIANS' SUPPLIES, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Wines, Liquors, Landreth's Garden Seeds, Patent Medicines, Writing Paper, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, and all articles kept by Druggists. Also, Sole Proprietors of Oil Extract of Bloggetts, Cabler's Compound Syrup Blackberry Root and Litterer & Cabler's Nerve and Bone Liniment,
S. W. Corner Market and Broad Sts.,
NASHVILLE, TENN.,
Dr. J. J. GOWEN,
HENRY C. SPURLOCK, } Salesmen. apr9-d1y

GET THE BEST.

Hart & Hensley,
Provision Dealers, General Commission Merchants and Curers of the celebrated
C. C. C. HAMS,
No. 72 South Market Street,
NASHVILLE, TENN.,
Pork, Bacon, Bulk Meats, Lard, Flour, etc., etc.
apr9-d3m

For Sale or to Rent,
A COTTAGE HOUSE with four rooms and a hall, and good kitchen and good fruit trees, a half acre lot, on Walker street, above Colonel Collier's. Apply to Mrs. S. A. FEW,
apr9-d2t On the lot

READ THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES. Hundreds of others could be given. See what Col. Calhoun says: When a young man, I resided in one of

ATLANTA.

SEA MOSS FARINA.—Thompson's Sea Moss Farina—Grocers, Druggists, Bakers and Physicians keep this unrivalled article for sale.

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.—Thompson's is still the resort of the discriminating public, because he knows how to serve up good meals.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Young Men's Library Association will take place on the 10th of May.

UNIFORMING THE POLICE.—The subject of uniforming the police is before Council. The members of the police do not favor the movement.

CAPT. G. WEST ANDERSON.—On Friday night, Capt. Anderson had a severe attack of sickness, but we are pleased to state was greatly improved yesterday evening.

NEW CALABOOSE.—Council has taken the initiatory step towards a new Calaboose. We trust that the new one will be constructed with a view to the comfort of the inmates.

DON'T FAIL to try the Job Office of THE CONSTITUTION.

TOBACCO PREMIUMS.—We suggest to our tobacco merchants the policy of offering special premiums for the best specimens of Georgia raised tobacco exhibited at the Fair in October.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.—"Argus," our Washington correspondent, makes some bold charges, for which he says he will be responsible. His letters are full of interest and point.

PRAYER MEETING.—A prayer meeting will be held at Good Templars' Hall (Jones' new building, this afternoon, at 4½ o'clock. The public is invited to attend.

FINE HATS.—J. C. Holbrook, on Peachtree street, opposite the National, has a fine assortment of hats, canes, umbrellas, etc. The hatless can secure good ties here.

JOB WORK.—If you want a neat business card, send to THE CONSTITUTION Job Office.

FILLED UP.—The old circus main, near Whitehall street crossing, and the pond on Marietta street, next to Bell's marble building, have been filled up.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.—We learn from reliable authority that after Sunday next the morning passenger train that now leaves at 5 o'clock, will leave at 7 o'clock, taking breakfast at Stone Mountain.

TO SHOW MEN.—Get your circulars, posters, programmes, etc., printed at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office if you want them done well.

DIRT CARTS.—We are pleased to learn that the ordinance against hauling dirt in carts and wagons with loose bodies will be rigidly enforced. The way they scatter the dirt about the streets is a great nuisance.

MARKET HOUSES TO BE SOLD.—The two market houses are to be sold. The markets are not remunerative, and the money held up in them is so much dead capital. The "market parlors," or meat stores, have taken the place of the markets.

FINE MATERIAL.—The best presses and premises in the city, at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office.

THE "COUNTERFEITER" CASE.—We learn that the preliminary examination of Ed. Phelps, the party arrested for passing counterfeit money on Wright & Jentry, at West End, will commence before United States Commissioner, W. B. Smith, to-morrow.

RAIN.—The rain came down yesterday morning in anything but gentle streams. Late in the afternoon the rain ceased, and Old Sol showed his beaming face awhile—but soon hid it behind numerous clouds.

J. G. THROWER, ESQ.—Our esteemed friend, J. G. Thrower, who is a good fellow as well as Good Templar, is traveling around amongst the newly constituted lodges instructing them in the work of the Order.

BILL HEADS.—At THE CONSTITUTION Office can be had bill heads, letter heads, statements, in fact everything in the job printing line.

CARPETS—CURTAINS.—S. S. Kendrick & Son have now in store the largest stock of rich brussels & and 3 ply ingrain carpets that they have had since the war. Every variety of low priced carpets, white and check mattings, curtains, cornices, etc., may be had of this old established concern. They are on Marietta street.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.—The new bitter-ender Radical sheet at Griffin—the Empire State, says that it is proposed to hold a meeting in Atlanta on the night of Wednesday, the 27th inst., to organize the Young Men's Republican Central Club of Georgia.

CONCRETE BUILDINGS.—The increasing demand for lumber and brick at this point, suggests the advantages of concrete buildings. There are several fine specimens of this class in our city, and it will repay those wishing economical and durable buildings to investigate the matter.

LANE'S COMMENTARIES ON THE CONSTITUTION.—Mr. Lane, the excellent photographic artist of Alabama street, has just published a fine volume of commentary on THE CONSTITUTION. He has made a fine likeness of our heavy editor, that he declares to be the best photograph he ever took.

We have examined it, and do not believe as a specimen of artistic merit it could be surpassed. Its life-like aspect, its exquisite finish, its peculiar fidelity of natural tinting, for which artists so zealously strive, and which constitutes the highest art of the business, are perfect. It is a large-sized picture, and is a splendid specimen of photographic excellence.

REDUCTION.—Memphis and Charleston Railroad and Memphis and St. Louis Packet Companies have reduced the rates of freight on goods from St. Louis, to all points in the South-Eastern country. They have been working for some months to consummate such an arrangement. They will also soon have a line of steamers running from Cairo to Memphis, which will only necessitate two transfers from Chicago to all points in the Carolinas, Georgia, etc. Cars loaded at Memphis go to destination sealed (so informed by agent.) New steamers have been added to the line, and the Memphis and Charleston Railroad have turned out a large amount of new rolling stock and are now prepared to do all business from St. Louis to the Southeastern States as quick, and at as low rates as any other route can do it.

ATLANTA AND NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.—In New York Sprague Prints are quoted by the last Weekly Dry Goods Price List at 10@11 1-2; in Atlanta 12@13.

Atlantic is held in New York at 11@11½; in Atlanta at 14.

Eagle is commands in New York 12½; in Atlanta 15.

Lancaster in New York is quoted at 10 1-2@11; in Atlanta 13@14.

We could go through the whole list, but that is sufficient to show the difference.

Wholesale dealers trading here will save fare and freight to New York, which foots up considerably.

Atlanta offers superior inducements to merchants to come here and obtain their stocks.

PLAIN HOME TALK.—Joseph Potts, the General Agent for the Southern States of "Plain Home Talk," is in the city, stopping at Mrs. Hoyle's. Plain Home Talk treats about the human system, the habits of men and women, the causes and prevention of disease, and medical common sense applied to causes, prevention and cure of chronic diseases, the natural relations of men and women to each other, society, love, marriage, parentage, etc., by R. B. Foote, M. D. The work is embellished with two hundred illustrations. In cabinet library binding, it is sold at $3 75 per copy; extra cloth, $3 75. He offers extra inducements to agents. The Boston Evening Transcript says of Plain Home Talk:

"This is a very sensible book, which can be read with pleasure and profit by the unprofessional, as it is written in plain English, entirely divested of the technicalities of the schools—the object of the writer being to produce a popular work 'containing plain truths in plain dress,' written in language strictly mundane and commonplace alike to the rustic inmate of a farm-house, and the exquisite the fast of an artistic studio."

WHY IS IT THAT COMMISSIONER Job Gibbs put so many Pumpkins and Cowboys to prison?

Hall Meeting—Atlanta.

At a meeting held on the night of the 10th inst., at Hall's Hall, Atlanta, Ga., for the purpose of organizing a Hall Club, Mr. Wm. Hall was called to the chair, and Mr. Wm. Hall appointed secretary.

Resolved, That the Chair appoint ten members of this club to wait upon the ladies of Atlanta, and invite them to visit Hall's Hall, which they accept.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting are hereby tendered to those ladies of Atlanta and other cities, who created disturbances to make the visit of our delegation a pleasant one. May the gentlemen and ladies present be blessed in all their future days, and their children after them, and their children's children after them, and their children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children's children after them, and their children's

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY SEA AND LAND.

BY MRS. E. SHERMAN SMITH.

From the Home Journal.]

At midnight, near her lowly bed,
A widowed mother kneels to pray;
"Oh! Heavenly Father, guide," she said,
"My darling on his ocean way.
Far from my loving watch and care
He wanders now on waters wild,
But Thou, dear Lord, art everywhere,
Thou canst protect my orphan child.
From gathering storm and rising gale,
From hidden perils of the sea,
From whatsoever ills assail,
Oh! save, and bring him back to me."

At midnight, in her stately home,
A high-born mother wakes and weeps;
Though the long hours that go and come
She still Love's patient vigil keeps.
She prayeth, too, in fervent strain;
"Oh! gracious Father, guard my boy!
He moves in pleasure's gilded train,
His path is bright with flowers of joy;
But thorns are hidden 'neath the flowers,
And perils lurk on every hand;
Help, help him in these dazzling hours,
The soul's wild tempters to withstand."

Ye winged seraphs of the night,
Who bear to heaven earth's tender pleas,
Oh! win sweet grace in realms of light,
For hearts so lone and sad as these.
Speak comfort by the lowly bed,
Breathe peace within the stately hall;
Not vainly let each prayer be said,
Not vainly let each tear-drop fall.
Ask that the morning hour may come,
When heavenly light, on either hand,
Shall dawn to guide the dear ones home
Who wander now by sea and land.

The above is a correct likeness of Col. THOMAS M. ACTON, at present the popular General Traveling Agent for the ATLANTA DAILY AND WEEKLY CONSTITUTION. Col. Acton is a practical printer by profession, was the sole editor of a very spirited paper, called the Jackson Republican, a thorough going Democratic journal, published at Jackson, Tennessee, in 1842.

The subject of this sketch is a Virginian by birth, and emigrated to Atlanta, Georgia, several years ago, where he has since made his home, with the exception of a few years during the war, when he was appointed on General Bragg's staff, and re-appointed, successively, by Generals Joe Johnston and Hood as General News Agent for the Army of the Tennessee. It was there that Col. A. as correspondent of the Knoxville Register, made such a reputation as a news-monger, and to-day is justly regarded as one of the best newspaper men on the continent. Col. Acton, I learn, was born in Pinesatle, Botetourt county, Virginia, in 1821, and is, therefore, in the forty-ninth year of his age, and the *tiniest* man of his size and size in America; as spry as a boy, and possesses an inexhaustable fund of wit and humor. He is the essence of politeness and gentlemanly bearing in all his business and general deportment.—*R. R. R. Reporter.*

PRESCRIPTION FOR MURRAIN.—It is really painful to hear of the heavy losses almost of every day occurrence from that dreaded foe of neat cattle. It seems that the mortality is greatest in the cases where stock are removed from the North to more Southern localities. We have, in our experience, had some serious losses in this way, but never since we have adopted the following treatment have we met with one:

If possible, let the animal be transported during the late fall or in the winter. From the time of reaching its new home give the animal one heaping tablespoonful of slaked lime in meal three times a week, and twice a week one spoonful of soot, with the same of sulphur. We have much confidence in this prescription, for it has, with us and some of our friends, worked well.—*Plantation.*

TOBACCO DECISION.—Commissioner Delano has decided that a dealer in tobacco has the right to saw a caddy of tobacco in two cutting away the stamp, and thus sell the two halves to different persons, and that such sales would not be in violation of section 78 of the revenue law.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Rate 3½ cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.00 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	4.30 P.M.

Passengers leaving Milledgeville (Atlanta and Athens Line) must take Day Passenger Train from Augusta to Atlanta.

Passengers leaving Montgomery, Selma, Mobile and New Orleans, must leave Augusta on Night Passenger Train.

Passengers leaving Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis can take either Day or Night Passenger Train from Augusta.

Through Tickets, and Baggage Checked through to the above places. Sleeping Cars on all Night Passenger Trains. No change of cars on Night Passenger and Mail Trains between Augusta and West Point.

S. M. FERRIS, Assistant Supt.

Georgia Railroad, Augusta, April 6, 1870.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—F. SLOCOMB, Superintendent; T. A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportation.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 00 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	5 17 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4.14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	9 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5 00 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 17 P M

DAYTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	3.10 P M
Arrives at Dalton	11.35 P.M.
Leaves Dalton	2.30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.30 A M

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare 3½ cents per mile—JOHN KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; E. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3.10 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10.50 P. M.
Leave West Point	12.25 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5.05 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	2.00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10.40 P.M.
Leave West Point	2.00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10.37 A. M.

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD—103 miles—Fare 3½ cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ALLEN, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. ROCKWELL, Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8.30 A M
Arrive at Macon	3.40 P M
Leave Macon	3.50 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	9.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE!

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who Have BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain. Bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in roughness of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and Vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, tessing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a rattling of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and skin; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the importance of their *healing action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suppression of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from the use of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, leave irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how ESSENTIAL it is to keep the fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets, with GREAT SUCCESS, in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion. And are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering loathy with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the Nervous System to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head sometimes a pain or feel as though a tight band were around it; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Nervousness; Restlessness; Anxiety; Dread of Company; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, may lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a secret quack Nostrum, FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main cam Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

Winter Arrangement.

—:o:—

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

—:o:—

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express

—:o:—

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

—:o:—

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

—:o:—

On and after March 28th, 1870, Through Passenger Trains will Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.—7:00 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West.

—:o:—

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York.

—:o:—

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

—:o:—

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

—:o:—

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

—:o:—

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

—:o:—

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

—:o:—

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

—:o:—

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

—:o:—

Baggage Checked Through

—:o:—

☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS, Master Transportation.
FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent,
nov26-dtm

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure of any one.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N.C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington, and Sea Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

FOR THE SOUTH.

Splendid Line of Steamships

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals, Charleston, S. C.

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

Henry Banks & Son,

DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,

No. 6, Cherokee Block,

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

jan8 d6m

VULCAN WORKS,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

S. B. LOWE,

GENERAL PARTNER,

ARE now prepared to offer to Merchants, at reduced rates, a full assortment of

COMMON BAR IRON,
TIRE,
ROUNDS,
SQUARES,
HORSE SHOE,
BAND,
HOOP,
PLOW PLATE, etc.

—ALSO—

To RAILROAD COMPANIES, a superior quality of IRON, manufactured from Tennessee Charcoal Pig and Bloom,

HAMMERED CAR AXLES,
DRIVING AXLES,
BRIDGE BOLTS,
Freight and Passenger Car Irons, complete,
PISTON RODS,
SHAFTING.

—ALSO—

All sizes FLAT, ROUNDS and SQUARES.

Address S. B. LOWE
aprl31-d1y Chattanooga, Tenn.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. jan30-d1y

MARBLEIZED

SLATE MANTELS,

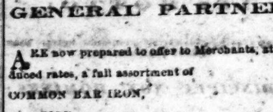
RICH AND ELEGANT DESIGNS.

More durable and at half the price of Marble.

Carefully packed and shipped to any part of the country. Send for circular.

T. B. STEWART & CO.,
feb1-d3m 625 Sixth Ave., New York.

WM. WOOD & CO.,



UNDERTAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS. Keep on hand all qualities of Fish's Metallic Burial Cases; also, all kinds of Wood Coffins. Will attend to funerals at any point within a reasonable distance. Hearses, carriages, trimmings, etc., furnished. All kinds of Upholstery done. Repairing and Furniture Store, No. 7 Peachtree street, near the Peachtree House. All orders will be promptly attended to.

MARVIN'S PATENT

Alum and Dry Plaster

Fire and Burglar

SAFES.

These are the only Safes filled with

ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!

Please send for an Illustrated Catalogue.

MARVIN & CO.,
Salesroom, 265 Broadway, N. Y.
Manufactory, Hudson, N. Y.

M. E. JONES & CO.,

Practical Slaters,

Atlanta, - - - - Georgia.

CONFECTIONERIES!

Strictly Pure!

F. M. JACK,

MANUFACTURER OF

CANDIES,

WHOLESALE PRICE 20 CENTS per POUND.

Crackers,

WHOLESALE PRICE 7 CENTS per POUND.

Corner Whitehall and Alabama Streets, Atlanta, Ga.
jan30-d6m

BERGER & BUTTS'

EXCELSIOR SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF

LIME.

WE now offer this Standard Fertilizer to the Planters of Georgia, and as a guarantee of its great value, we need only say, that we hold certificates of Dr. R. J. Massey, Inspector of Fulton County, and Professor A. Means, at Savannah, with analysis of G. H. Williams, Analitical Chemist, Savannah, Ga. Apart from these, we hold many certificates from planters of Georgia, endorsing this article as giving the very best results.

Cash Price $70 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds. Time Price $75 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.

GLENN & WRIGHT.

Baugh's Dissolved Bone.

WE are in large supply of this popular article, and offer it, as in the past, on most favorable terms. To our people, this is no New Fertilizer, and therefore needs no eulogy or Certificates.

Price $70 Per Ton, Cash.

GLENN & WRIGHT.

feb2-dtf

FOR NEW YORK,

The Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line,

VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.

Rates Guaranteed as low as by any Competing Route.

THE SHORTEST SEA LINE NORTH AND EAST.

MARINE INSURANCE, HALF PER CENT.

The Old Established Tri-Weekly Route.

The Superior Ocean Side-Wheel Steamships

ON TUESDAYS.

CHARLESTON, 1,300 Tons, - - - - JAMES BERRY, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, 1,300 Tons, - - - - T. J. LOCKWOOD,
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents,
Adger's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

ON THURSDAYS.

TENNESSEE, 1,400 Tons, - - - - O. CHICHESTER, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, 1,500 Tons, - - - - J. E. ADKINS,
WAGNER, HUGER & CO., or
WM. A. COURTENAY, Union Wharves, Charleston, S. C.

ON SATURDAYS.

MANHATTAN, 1,300 Tons, - - - - M. B. WOODHULL, Commander.
CHAMPLAIN, 1,500 Tons, - - - - R. W. LOCKWOOD,
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Adger's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

These Steam-ships are Firstclass in every respect, and all under the command of men of many years' experience on the Atlantic Coast, and for speed, comfort and elegance of passengers are surpassed by any steamers from the South. Their tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston Markets.

THROUGH PASSAGE TICKETS AND BILLS OF LADING

May be obtained at all of the Railroad Ticket and Freight Offices in connection with this favorite route, in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.

PRICE OF PASSAGE.

Atlanta via Charleston to New York, $27 50,

Including Meals and Stateroom on board of Steamer. Cabin passengers entering Body Spring Roads, will find an inspection until 9 o'clock A. M. Steamers leave Charleston on days of sailing from depot on the Railroad, at 5 P. M.

☞ Passengers may be obliged, in stormy weather, extra charge, by addressing the Agents of either connecting line, at Charleston.

R. D. HARRIS, General Agent,
Of the Great Southern Freight Line, 10 Broad St., Charleston, S. C.

ROBERT R. MONRAD & CO., Agents,
Of Steamships Leaving Atlanta Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

JOHN H. KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Atlanta, Georgia.

ROOFING SLATE

WILLINGHAM

FERTILIZER

FOR

COTTON, CORN

WHEAT.

THIS STANDARD MANURE, named after a well known practical Planter of [illegible] South Carolina, combines in a concentrated form all the fertilizing elements necessary for the production of COTTON, CORN and WHEAT, not only by its use is certain to increase the crop, but to improve the quality of the products. It is made with a special view to the soils of the South, and can be relied upon as an excellence of material, containing no [illegible] very substances, the great cost of which have heretofore precluded their being used. It can be depended on as uniform, always reliable, and productive of good crops.

ALLEN, GA., [illegible]

Having a full knowledge of the composition and process of manufacture of the Cotton, Corn, Wheat and Rice Fertilizer, I have no hesitation in pronouncing it, in my opinion, a valuable fertilizer, one of the best in use, and most particularly adapted to the soils of South Carolina.

THOMAS M. WILL[illegible]

Price per ton, 2000 lbs. Price per ton, 2000 lbs. 1st, an approved [illegible]

B. L. WILLINGHA[illegible]

General Supervising Agents for South Carolina, Georgia & [illegible]

PHILLIPS & MYERS,

Manufacturers and General Agents, Savannah.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY, AGENTS,
nov20-d8m Atlanta, Ga.

CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!

MEADOR & BROTHER,

Cigar Manufactory, is now prepared to offer to Customers,

AND TO DEALERS IN GENERAL—WHOLESALE

The Following Schedule of Brands:

FUROS Regalia Finas,
Londres de Regalia,
Conchas Finas,
Operas,
Sabrosia Regalia Finas, La Gloria Cubana Finas,
Gala Cigar Londres de Regalia, Regalia Londres de Regalia,
Cigar Full Conchas Finas, Bouquet Conchas Finas,
Regalia Finas Londres, La Harpina Finas,
&c.

With becoming modesty, we place before the public, as the [illegible] DE ABAJO, known as the CONQUEST OF PARIS, [illegible]

IMPERIALS, IN BOXES OF 50.

CONCHITAS, IN BOXES OF 100.

TRABUCOS, IN BOXES OF [illegible]

AND THE FOLLOWING LIST OF STAPLE BRANDS:

Local Tender Imperiales, La Dalsera Trabucos,
El Trevalier Imperiales, El Trevalier Regalias,
Flower of the South, Finas Regalia, Londres and Conchas,
El Amado, Finas Regalia, Londres and [illegible]

PARTAGAS.

Upmann, Miller, Intrepidal, Miller, La Quinta Regalia, Londres in boxes of 100 and 50, R. Murdock, La Fama, La Opulencia, the Eagle Brand, Fine Cavally Principes (Cigar in a Cigar), La Africana, La Cavallera, the cheapest Cigar in the Market, La Regalia, [illegible] Cigars, The standing Brand, La Preferencia, Henry Clay, [illegible] Londres, etc.

MEADOR & BROTHERS,

Tobacco Commission Merchants, Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN STEPHENS, JOHN H. FLYNN, LOUIS [illegible]
Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr. Atlanta.

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, [illegible]

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & [illegible]

Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:

[illegible] Barrels Pink Eye Potatoes,
[illegible] Barrels Sweet Potatoes,
[illegible] Barrels Early Scotch Potatoes,
[illegible] Sacks White Corn,
[illegible] Sacks Corn, (shelled,)
[illegible] Barrels Choice Flour (in Store,)
[illegible] Barrels Choice Flour,
[illegible] Bushels Choice Oats,
[illegible] Bushels Choice Rye,
[illegible] Bushels Choice Barley,
[illegible] Bushels Choice Timothy Hay constantly,
[illegible] Barrels Virginia Corn Whisky,
[illegible] Barrels Virginia Apple Brandy,
[illegible] Kegs Old Cabinet,
[illegible] Kegs Imported Rum,
[illegible] Kegs Choice Timothy Hay constantly,
[illegible] Barrels Virginia Corn Whisky,
[illegible] Barrels Virginia Cornmeal,
[illegible] Barrels Virginia Land Plaster,

Agents for the Sale of Howard Line [illegible]

JOHN H. KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Atlanta, Georgia.

ROOFING SLATE